Self Organised Criticality in the third decade after BTW

Gunnar Pruessner

Department of Mathematics Imperial College London

London, 14 Feb 2012

Imperial College London

g.pruessner@imperial.ac.uk (Imperial)

SOC in the 3rd decade after BTW

Outline



2 More models





5 Any Answers?

More models Tools in SOC Field theory for SOC Any Answers?

Prelude: The physics of fractals The BTW model 1/f noise — a red herring? Why SOC? Experiments

Prelude: The physics of fractals



Question: Where does scale invariant behaviour in nature come from?

Answer: Due to a phase transition, self-organised to the critical point.

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Prelude: The physics of fractals



- Anderson, 1972: *More is different* Correlation, cooperation, emergence
- 1/f noise "everywhere" (van der Ziel, 1950; Dutta and Horn, 1981)
- Kadanoff, 1986: Fractals: Where's the Physics?
- Bak, Tang and Wiesenfeld, 1987: Self-Organized Criticality: An Explanation of 1/f Noise

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The BTW Model



The sandpile model:

- Bak, Tang and Wiesenfeld 1987.
- Simple (randomly driven) cellular automaton \longrightarrow avalanches.
- Intended as an explanation of 1/f noise.
- Generates(?) scale invariant event statistics.

• The physics of fractals.

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site 1

 $2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5$

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Field theory for SOC

Any Answers?

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The BTW Model



Key ingredients for SOC models:

- Separation of time scales.
- Interaction.
- Thresholds (non-linearity).
- Observables: Avalanche sizes and durations.

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SOC: The early programme More models

Field theory for SOC

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1/f noise — a red herring? I



FIG. 3. Distribution of lifetimes corresponding to Fig. 2. (a) For the 50×50 array, the slope $\alpha \approx 0.42$, yielding a "1/f" noise spectrum $f^{-1.58}$; (b) 20×20×20 array, $\alpha \approx 0.90$, yielding an f^{-1.1} spectrum

From: Bak, Tang, Wiesenfeld, 1987

• Power spectrum $P(f) \propto 1/f$, thus correlation function (via Wiener Khinchin) Imperial College London

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1/f noise — a red herring? II

Dimensional analysis:

$$\int df \, 1/f^{\alpha} e^{-2\pi i f t} = \ldots \propto t^{\alpha - 1} = \text{const}$$

- 1/f noise suggests long time correlations
- Initially, SOC was intended an explanation of 1/f noise.
- Initially the BTW model was thought to display 1/f noise.
- Jensen, Christensen and Fogedby: "Not quite."
- Today: Little interest in 1/f.
- Today: Power laws in other observables.
- Today: Scaling questioned.

Prelude: The physics of fractals The BTW model 1/f noise — a red herring? Why SOC? Experiments

Why is SOC important?

SOC today: Non-trivial scale invariance in avalanching (intermittent) systems as known from ordinary critical phenomena, but without the need of external tuning of a control parameter to a non-trivial value.

Emergence!

- Explanation of emergent,
- ...cooperative,
- ... long time and length scale
- ...phenomena,
- ... as signalled by power laws.

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Universality!

- Understanding and classifying natural phenomena
- ... using Micky Mouse Models
- ... on a small scale (in the lab or on the computer).
- (Triggering critical points?)
- But: Where is the evidence for scale invariance in nature (dirty power laws)?

More models Tools in SOC Field theory for SOC Any Answers? Prelude: The physics of fractals The BTW model 1/f noise — a red herring? Why SOC? Experiments

Experiments:

Granular media, superconductors, rain...



Photograph courtesy of V. Frette, K. Christensen, A. Malthe-Sørenssen, J. Feder, T. Jøssang and P. Meakin.

- Large number of experiments and observations:
- Earthquakes suggested by Bak, Tang and Wiesenfeld.
- Sandpile experiments by Jaeger, Liu and Nagel (PRL, 1989).
- Superconductors experiments by Ling, et al. (Physica C, 1991).
- Ricepiles experiments by Frette et al. (Nature, 1996)

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Better Models: The Manna model Collapse with Oslo Exponents in 1,2,3D

Outline



More models

- Better Models: The Manna model
- Collapse with Oslo
- Exponents in 1,2,3D

Tools in SOC

Field theory for SOC

5 Any Answers?

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More models

- Initial intention for more models: Expand BTW universality class.
- Later: Provide more evidence for SOC as a whole.
- More models...

Better Models: The Manna model Collapse with Oslo Exponents in 1,2,3D

More models

The failure of SOC?

- Zhang Model (1989) [scaling questioned]
- Dhar-Ramaswamy Model (1989) [solved, directed]
- Forest Fire Model (1990, 1992) [no proper scaling]
- Manna Model (1991) [solid!]
- Olami-Feder-Christensen Model (1992) [scaling questioned, $\alpha \approx 0.05$ (localisation), $\alpha = 0.22$ (jump)]
- Bak-Sneppen Model (1993) [scaling questioned]
- Zaitsev Model (1992)
- Sneppen Model (1992)
- Oslo Model (1996) [solid!]
- Directed Models: Exactly solvable (lack of correlations)

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Manna Model



Manna Model (1991)

- Critical height model.
- Stochastic.
- Bulk drive.
- Envisaged to be in the same universality class as BTW.

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Manna Model

dissipation



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Collapse with Oslo



The Manna Model is in the same universality class as the Oslo model.

Better Models: The Manna model Collapse with Oslo Exponents in 1,2,3D

Manna on different lattices

One and two dimensions



From: Huynh, G P, Chew, 2011

The Manna Model has been investigated numerically in great detail.

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Manna on different lattices

lattice	d D	τ	z	α	D_a	τ_a	$\mu_1^{(s)}$	$-\Sigma_s$	$-\Sigma_t$	$-\Sigma_a$
simple chain	1 2.27(2)	1.117(8)	1.450(12)	1.19(2)	0.998(4)	1.260(13)	2.000(4)	0.27(2)	0.27(3)	0.259(14)
rope ladder	1 2.24(2)	1.108(9)	1.44(2)	1.18(3)	0.998(7)	1.26(2)	1.989(5)	0.24(2)	0.26(5)	0.26(2)
nnn chain	$1 \ 2.33(11)$	1.14(4)	1.48(11)	1.22(14)	0.997(15)	1.27(5)	1.991(11)	0.33(11)	0.3(2)	0.27(5)
Futatsubishi	1 2.24(3)	1.105(14)	1.43(3)	1.16(6)	0.999(15)	1.24(5)	2.008(11)	0.24(3)	0.23(9)	0.24(5)
square	2 2.748(13)	1.272(3)	1.52(2)	1.48(2)	1.992(8)	1.380(8)	1.9975(11)	0.748(13)	0.73(4)	0.76(2)
jagged	2 2.764(15)	1.276(4)	1.54(2)	1.49(3)	1.995(7)	1.384(8)	2.0007(12)	0.764(15)	0.76(5)	0.77(2)
Archimedes	2 2.76(2)	1.275(6)	1.54(3)	1.50(3)	1.997(10)	1.382(11)	2.001(2)	0.76(2)	0.78(6)	0.76(3)
nc diagonal square	2 2.750(14)	1.273(4)	1.53(2)	1.49(2)	1.992(7)	1.381(8)	2.0005(12)	0.750(14)	0.75(4)	0.76(2)
triangular	2 2.76(2)	1.275(5)	1.51(2)	1.47(3)	2.003(11)	1.388(12)	1.997(2)	0.76(2)	0.71(6)	0.78(3)
Kagomé	2 2.741(13)	1.270(4)	1.53(2)	1.49(2)	1.993(8)	1.381(9)	1.9994(12)	0.741(13)	0.75(5)	0.76(2)
honeycomb	2 2.73(2)	1.268(6)	1.55(4)	1.51(4)	1.990(13)	1.376(14)	2.000(2)	0.73(2)	0.79(8)	0.75(3)
Mitsubishi	2 2.75(2)	1.273(6)	1.54(3)	1.50(4)	1.999(12)	1.387(12)	1.998(2)	0.75(2)	0.77(7)	0.77(3)

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Manna on different lattices

Lattice	\overline{q}	$\overline{q^{(v)}}$	$\langle z \rangle$	D	τ	z	α	D_a	τ_a	$\mu_{1}^{(s)}$	$-\Sigma_s$	$-\Sigma_t$	$-\Sigma_a$
SC	6	1	[0.622325(1)]	3.38(2)	1.408(3)	1.779(7)	1.784(9)	3.04(5)	1.45(4)	2.0057(5)	1.38(2)	1.395(16)	1.36(13)
BCC	8	4	[0.600620(2)]	3.36(2)	1.404(4)	1.777(8)	1.78(1)	2.99(2)	1.444(18)	2.0030(5)	1.36(2)	1.390(19)	1.33(6)
BCCN	14	5	[0.581502(1)]	3.38(3)	1.408(4)	1.776(9)	1.783(11)	3.01(3)	1.44(3)	2.0041(6)	1.38(3)	1.39(2)	1.32(7)
FCC	12	4	[0.589187(3)]	3.35(4)	1.402(8)	1.765(16)	1.78(2)	3.1(2)	1.48(14)	2.0035(11)	1.35(4)	1.37(4)	1.5(5)
FCCN	18	5	[0.566307(3)]	3.38(4)	1.408(7)	1.781(14)	1.787(18)	3.00(4)	1.44(3)	2.0051(8)	1.38(4)	1.40(3)	1.32(9)
Overall				3.370(11)	1.407(2)	1.777(4)	1.783(5)	3.003(14)	1.442(12)	2.0042(3)		1.380(13))

From: Huynh, G P, 2012

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g.pruessner@imperial.ac.uk (Imperial)

SOC in the 3rd decade after BTW

Tools in SOC Link to growth phenomena Field theories for Manna and Oslo

Outline

- SOC: The early programme
- 2 More models

3 Tools in SOC

- Tools in SOC
- Link to growth phenomena
- Field theories for Manna and Oslo

Field theory for SOC

5 Any Answers?

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Tools in SOC Link to growth phenomena Field theories for Manna and Oslo

Tools in SOC

- (Extensive) numerics (BTW, FFM, BS, Manna, Oslo).
- Analytical tools:
 - Exact solutions (so far: directed models only).
 - Mappings to known (understood?) phenomena.
 - Growth processes and field theories.

Tools in SOC Link to growth phenomena Field theories for Manna and Oslo

Link to growth phenomena

Generic scale invariance Stochastic evolution of sandpile surface.



$$\partial_t \phi(\mathbf{r}, t) = (\mathbf{v}_{\parallel} \partial_{\parallel}^2 + \mathbf{v}_{\perp} \partial_{\perp}^2) \phi + \eta(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

- *Generic* scale invariance (Hwa and Kardar, 1989, and Grinstein, Lee and Sachdev 1990)
- No mass term $-\epsilon \phi$ on the right \longrightarrow conservative dynamics (finiteness generates ϵ).
- Anisotropy (boundaries?) required in the presence of conserved noise.
- Non-trivial exponents in the presence of non-linearities and Imperial College non-conserved noise.

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Effect of a mass term

Mass term

$$\partial_t \phi = \nu \nabla^2 \phi - \varepsilon \phi + \ldots + \eta$$

represents disspation

$$\partial_t \int_V \mathrm{d}^d x \, \phi = \mathrm{surface \ terms} - \epsilon \int_V \mathrm{d}^d x \, \phi$$

and correlation length

$$\phi = \ldots e^{-|x|\sqrt{\epsilon/\nu}}$$
.

But: How can a renormalised $\epsilon = 0$ be maintained without trivialising the phenomenon?

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Tools in SOC Link to growth phenomena Field theories for Manna and Oslo

Field theories for Manna and Oslo Number of charges interpreted as an interface.



- Manna model has a Langevin equation
- Oslo model implements quenched Edwards Wilkinson equation → interfaces!
- Field theories for both still unclear.
- Mechanism of self-organisation still unclear.
- Link to known universality classes.
- Link to directed percolation?

g.pruessner@imperial.ac.uk (Imperial)

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Any Answers?

- Does SOC exist in computer models? Yes. Manna and Oslo models are robust and universal.
- Does SOC exist in nature or experiments? Probably: Superconductors, granular media, earthquakes, precipitation
- Is SOC ubiquitous? Apparently not.
- Is SOC understood? Yes, it looks good!
- Is it worth understanding? Certainly: Understanding of long-range correlations in nature and criticality without tuning.

Thanks!

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