m3pm16prob5.tex

## M3PM16/M4PM16 PROBLEMS 5. 16.2.2012

Q1. By considering the series expansion of  $-\log(1-x)$ , or otherwise, show that  $\prod(1-1/p)$  diverges.

Q2. Use the divergence of  $\prod (1 - 1/p)$  to show (by considering the number N(x, r) of  $n \leq x$  not divisible by any of the first r primes  $p_k$ , or otherwise) that

$$\pi(x) = o(x).$$

(This bound is much weaker than PNT  $\pi(x) \sim li(x) \sim x/\log x$ , but is useful and non-trivial.)

Q3. Show that if c := a \* b and b are multiplicative, then a is multiplicative.

Q4. Define the Bernoulli numbers  $B_n$  by

$$\frac{z}{e^z - 1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{B_n z^n}{n!}$$

(this is the generating function (GF) of the  $B_n$ ; GFs are a common way to define a series). Show that

(i)  $B_0 = 1$ ,  $(n+1)B_n = -\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} {n+1 \choose k} B_k$   $(n \ge 1)$ ;  $B_1 = -1/2$ ,  $B_2 = 1/6$ ,  $B_3 = 0$ ,  $B_4 = -1/30$ ,  $B_5 = 0$ ,  $B_6 = 1/42$ . (ii)

$$z \cot z = 1 + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} B_n (2iz)^n / n!,$$

and hence  $B_n = 0$  for all odd n > 1. (iii) For n a positive integer,

$$\zeta(2n) = (-)^{n+1} \frac{B_{2n}(2\pi)^{2n}}{2(2n)!}.$$

NHB