

PROBLEMS 4. 23.2.2016

The Bivariate Normal Distribution. Define

$$f(x, y) = c \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}Q(x, y)\right\},$$

where c is a constant, Q a positive definite quadratic form in x and y . Specifically:

$$c = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_1\sigma_2\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}, \quad Q = \frac{1}{1-\rho^2} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_1}{\sigma_1} \right)^2 - 2\rho \left(\frac{x-\mu_1}{\sigma_1} \right) \left(\frac{y-\mu_2}{\sigma_2} \right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_2}{\sigma_2} \right)^2 \right].$$

Here $\sigma_i > 0$, μ_i are real, $-1 < \rho < 1$. Show that:

Q1. f is a probability density – that is, that f is non-negative and integrates to 1.

Q2. If f is the density of a random 2-vector (X, Y) , X and Y are normal, with distributions $N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$, $N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$.

Q3. X, Y have means μ_1, μ_2 and variances σ_1^2, σ_2^2 .

Q4. The conditional distribution of y given $X = x$ is $N(\mu_2 + \rho \frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1}(x - \mu_1), \sigma_2^2(1 - \rho^2))$.

Q5. The conditional mean $E[Y|X = x]$ is *linear* in x :

$$E[Y|X = x] = \mu_2 + \rho \frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1}(x - \mu_1).$$

Q6. $\text{var}[Y|X] = \sigma_2^2(1 - \rho^2)$.

Q7. The correlation coefficient of X, Y is ρ .

Q8. The density f has elliptical contours [i.e., the curves $f(x, y)$ constant are ellipses].

Q9. The joint MGF and joint CF of X, Y are

$$M_{X,Y}(t_1, t_2) = M(t_1, t_2) = \exp(\mu_1 t_1 + \mu_2 t_2 + \frac{1}{2}[\sigma_1^2 t_1^2 + 2\rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 t_1 t_2 + \sigma_2^2 t_2^2]),$$

$$\phi_{X,Y}(t_1, t_2) = \phi(t_1, t_2) = \exp(i\mu_1 t_1 + i\mu_2 t_2 - \frac{1}{2}[\sigma_1^2 t_1^2 + 2\rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 t_1 t_2 + \sigma_2^2 t_2^2]).$$

Q10. X, Y are independent if and only if $\rho = 0$.

Note. For those of you with a background in Statistics, this will be familiar material. It is included here as it serves as a very concrete illustration of the more abstract conditioning of II.5,6 via the Radon-Nikodym Theorem. For those of you without a background in Statistics: the key here is *completing the square* (the method you first encountered in learning how to solve quadratic equations). If you need help, find a good textbook on Statistics and look up ‘bivariate normal distribution’ in the index. NHB