

### PROBLEMS 4b. 18.4.2017

Q1. The *moment-generating function*  $M_X(t)$  of a random variable  $X$  is defined by  $M_X(t) := E[e^{tX}]$ . If  $X$  has the normal distribution  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ , with density

$$f(x) := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(x - \mu)^2/\sigma^2\right\},$$

show (by completing the square, or otherwise) that

$$M_X(t) = \exp\left\{\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2\right\}.$$

Q2. The *lognormal distribution*  $\log N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  is defined as the distribution of  $X := e^Y$ , where  $Y$  is  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

(i) By using the result of Q1, or otherwise, show that  $X$  has mean

$$E[X] = \exp\left\{\mu + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2\right\}.$$

(ii) Explain without proof why the prices of stocks in the Black-Scholes model are log-normally distributed.

Q3. *The exponential martingale for Brownian motion.*

If  $B = (B_t)$  is Brownian motion and  $\theta$  is a parameter, show that  $M = (M_t)$ , with

$$M_t := \exp\left\{\theta B_t - \frac{1}{2}\theta^2 t\right\},$$

is a martingale.

NHB